Package 'ngsReports'

October 18, 2022

Version 1.12.4

Date 2022/07/21

Title Load FastqQC reports and other NGS related files

Description This package provides methods and object classes for parsing
FastQC reports and output summaries from other NGS tools into R.
As well as parsing files, multiple plotting methods have been implemented
for visualising the parsed data.
Plots can be generated as static ggplot objects or interactive plotly
objects.

URL https://github.com/steveped/ngsReports

BugReports https://github.com/steveped/ngsReports/issues

License file LICENSE

Encoding UTF-8

Depends R (>= 4.1.0), BiocGenerics, ggplot2 (>= 3.3.5), tibble (>=
1.3.1)

Imports Biostrings, checkmate, dplyr (>= 1.0.0), DT, forcats,
ggdendro, grDevices (>= 3.6.0), grid, lifecycle, lubridate,
methods, pander, plotly (>= 4.9.4), readr, reshape2, rmarkdown,
scales, stats, stringr, tidyr, tidyselect (>= 0.2.3), utils,
zoo

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.1.2

Collate 'AllGenerics.R' 'validationFunctions.R' 'FastqcData.R'
'FastqcDataList.R' 'FastqcFile.R' 'PwfCols.R' 'S4coercion.R'
'TheoreticalGC.R' 'aaa.R' 'data.R' 'errMsg.R' 'estGcDistn.R'
'extract.R' 'fqName.R' 'fqcVersion.R' 'getColours.R' 'getGC.R'
'getModule.R' 'getSummary.R' 'helpers.R' 'importNgsLogs.R'
'importSJ.R' 'isCompressed.R' 'maxAdapterContent.R'
'ngsReports-package.R' 'overRep2Fasta.R' 'path.R'
'plotAdapterContent.R' 'plotAlignmentSummary.R'
'plotAssemblyStats.R' 'plotBaseQuals.R' 'plotDupLevels.R'
'plotFastqcPCA.R' 'plotGcContent.R' 'plotKmers.R'

'plotNContent.R' 'plotOverrep.R' 'plotReadTotals.R'
'plotSeqContent.R' 'plotSeqLengthDistn.R' 'plotSeqQuals.R'
'plotSummary.R' 'pwf.R' 'readTotals.R' 'runFastQC.R'
'writeHtmlReport.R'

VignetteBuilder knitr

Suggests BiocStyle, Cairo, knitr, testthat, truncnorm

biocViews QualityControl, ReportWriting

RdMacros lifecycle

Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

git_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/ngsReports

git_branch RELEASE_3_15

git_last_commit 46f3aa2

git_last_commit_date 2022-07-20

Date/Publication 2022-10-18

Author Steve Pederson [aut, cre],
        Christopher Ward [aut],
        Thu-Hien To [aut]

Maintainer Steve Pederson <stephen.pederson.au@gmail.com>

R **topics documented:**

---

estGcDistn   *Estimate a GC Content Distribution From Sequences*

Description

Generate a GC content distribution from sequences for a given read length and fragment length

Usage

```
estGcDistn(x, n = 1e+06, rl = 100, fl = 200, fragSd = 30, bins = 101, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
estGcDistn(x, n = 1e+06, rl = 100, fl = 200, fragSd = 30, bins = 101, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
estGcDistn(x, n = 1e+06, rl = 100, fl = 200, fragSd = 30, bins = 101, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'DNAStringSet'
estGcDistn(x, n = 1e+06, rl = 100, fl = 200, fragSd = 30, bins = 101, ...)
```

Arguments

x	DNAStringSet or path to a fasta file
n	The number of reads to sample
rl	Read Lengths to sample
fl	The mean of the fragment lengths sequenced
fragSd	The standard deviation of the fragment lengths being sequenced

bins	The number of bins to estimate
...	Not used

Details

The function takes the supplied object and returns the theoretical GC content distribution. Using a fixed read length essentially leads to a discrete distribution so the bins argument is used to define the number of bins returned. This defaults to 101 for 0 to 100% inclusive.

The returned values are obtained by interpolating the values obtained during sampling. This avoids returned distributions with gaps and jumps as would be obtained setting readLengths at values not in multiples of 100.

Based heavily on https://github.com/mikelove/fastqcTheoreticalGC

Value

A `tibble` with two columns: `GC_Content` and `Freq` denoting the proportion of GC and frequency of occurence reqpectively

Examples

```
faDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
faFile <- list.files(faDir, pattern = "fasta", full.names = TRUE)
df <- estGcDistn(faFile, n = 200)
```

FastqcData-class   *The FastqcData Object Class*

Description

The FastqcData Object Class **[Stable]**

Usage

```
FastqcData(x)
```

Arguments

x	Path to a single zip archive or extracted folder for a individual FastQC report.

Details

This object class is the main object required for generating plots and tables. Instantiation will first test for a compressed file (or extracted directory) with the correct data structure, and will then parse all the data into R as a `FastqcData` object. FastQC modules are contained as individual slots, which can be viewed using `slotNames`.

Individual modules can be returned using the function getModule() and specifying which module is required. See [getModule()](#) for more details.

Value

An object of class FastqcData

Slots

Summary Summary of PASS/WARN/FAIL status for each module

Basic_Statistics The Basic_Statstics table from the top of a FastQC html report

Per_base_sequence_quality The underlying data from the Per_base_sequence_quality module

Per_sequence_quality_scores The underlying data from the Per_sequence_quality_scores module

Per_base_sequence_content The underlying data from the Per_base_sequence_content module

Per_sequence_GC_content The underlying data from the Per_sequence_GC_content module

Per_base_N_content The underlying data from the Per_base_N_content module

Sequence_Length_Distribution The underlying data from the Sequence_Length_Distribution module

Sequence_Duplication_Levels The underlying data from the Sequence_Duplication_Levels module

Overrepresented_sequences The underlying data from the Overrepresented_sequences module

Adapter_Content The underlying data from the Adapter_Content module

Kmer_Content The underlying data from the Kmer_Content module

Total_Deduplicated_Percentage Estimate taken from the plot data for Sequence_Duplication_Levels. Only included in later versions of FastQC

version The version of FastQC used for generation of the report (if available)

path Path to the FastQC report#'

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)[1]

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcData object
fd <- FastqcData(fl)
fd
```

FastqcDataList-class   *The FastqcDataList Object Class*

Description

The FastqcDataList Object Class **[Stable]**'

Usage

```
FastqcDataList(x)
```

Arguments

x   Character vector of file paths specifying paths to FastQC reports

Value

An object of class FastqcDataList

Slots

... this can either be a single character vector of paths to FASTQC files, or several instances of
       .FastqcFile objects

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)
fdl
```

---

fqcVersion,FastqcData-method
                                    Get the FASTQC version

Description

Get the FASTQC version used to generate the intial files

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
fqcVersion(object)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
fqcVersion(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
fqcVersion(object)
```

Arguments

object   An object of class `FastqcData` or `FastqcDataList`

Value

A character vector (FastqcData), or tibble (FastqcDataList)

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# Get the FASTQC version
fqcVersion(fdl)
```

---

fqName   *Return the Underlying Fastq File Names from FastqcData* Objects*

Description

Return the Underlying Fastq File Names from FastqcData* Objects

Usage

```
fqName(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
fqName(object)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
fqName(object)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
fqName(object)

fqName(object) <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'FastqcData'
fqName(object) <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
fqName(object) <- value
```

Arguments

object	An object of class FastqcData or FastqcDataList
value	Replacement value for fqName

Value

Returns the names of the Fastq files the FastQC report was generated from, without any preceding directories.

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)
fqName(fdl)

nm <- paste0(letters[seq_along(fdl)], ".fq")
fqName(fdl) <- nm
fqName(fdl)
```

---

gcAvail   *List Genomes or Transcriptomes with Theoretical GC Content*

Description

List available genomes or transcriptomes in a TheoreticalGC object

Usage

```
gcAvail(object, type)

## S4 method for signature 'TheoreticalGC'
gcAvail(object, type)
```

Arguments

`object`	An object of class TheoreticalGC
`type`	character indicating either Genome or Transcriptome

Details

An object of class TheoreticalGC can hold the theoretical GC content for one or more species, for either the genome or transriptome. This function checks which species are available in the given object, for either the genome or transcriptome, as supplied to the parameter `type`.

Value

A `tibble` object

Examples

```
gcAvail(gcTheoretical, "Genome")
```

---

gcTheoretical	*Theoretical GC content*

Description

This object contains the theoretical GC content for each provided species, for both the genome and transcriptome, where available.

Usage

```
gcTheoretical
```

Format

An object of class `TheoreticalGC` of length 1.

Details

The object is defined with the S4 class `TheoreticalGC`. Species for which information is available can be found using the command `gcAvail(gcTheoretical)` and selecting the appropriate type.

Metadata is accessible using `mData(gcTheoretical)`.

All GC content was calculated using code from https://github.com/mikelove/fastqcTheoreticalGC using BSgenome packages. This provides a default set of GC content data for common organisms generated using 100bp reads/fragments and 1e6 reads.

See Also

gcAvail

Examples

```
## Check which genomes are included
gcAvail(gcTheoretical, "Genome")

## Check which transcriptomes are included
gcAvail(gcTheoretical, "Transcriptome")
```

---

getColours   *Work with objects of class PwfCols*

Description

Get and modify colours from objects of class PwfCols

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'PwfCols'
getColours(object)

## S4 method for signature 'PwfCols'
setColours(object, PASS, WARN, FAIL, MAX)

## S4 method for signature 'PwfCols'
setAlpha(object, alpha)
```

Arguments

object   An object of class PwfCols

PASS   The colour denoting PASS on all plots, in rgb format

WARN   The colour denoting WARN on all plots, in rgb format

FAIL   The colour denoting FAIL on all plots, in rgb format

MAX   The colour denoting the limit of values in rgb format

alpha   Numeric(1). Ranges from 0 to 1 by default, but can also be on the range 0 to 255.

Details

Use `getColours` to obtain the colours in an object of class PwfCols.

These can be modified using the functions `setColours` and `setAlpha`

Value

getColours will return a character vector of colours coresponding to PASS/WARN/FAIL

setColours will return an object of class PwfCols

setAlpha will return an object of class PwfCols

Examples

```
getColours(pwf)

# How to add transparency
pwf2 <- setAlpha(pwf, 0.1)
getColours(pwf2)
```

---

getGC   *Get Theoretical GC content*

Description

Get the GC content data from a TheoreticalGC object

Usage

```
getGC(object, name, type)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
getGC(object, type)

## S4 method for signature 'TheoreticalGC'
getGC(object, name, type)
```

Arguments

object	An object of class Theoretical GC
name	The Name of the species in 'Gspecies' format, e.g. Hsapiens
type	The type of GC content. Can only be either "Genome" or "Transcriptome"

Value

A `tibble` object

Examples

```
getGC(gcTheoretical, name = "Hsapiens", type = "Genome")
```

```
getModule,FastqcData-method
```
                              Retrieve a given module from a Fastqc* Object

---

Description

Retrieve a specific module from a Fastqc* object as a data.frame

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
getModule(object, module)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
getModule(object, module)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
getModule(object, module)
```

Arguments

object   Can be a `FastqcData`, `fastqcDataList`, or simply a `character` vector of paths

module   The requested module as contained in a FastQC report. Possible values are
              `Summary`, `Basic_Statistics`, `Per_base_sequence_quality`, `Per_tile_sequence_quality`,
              `Per_sequence_quality_scores`, `Per_base_sequence_content`, `Per_sequence_GC_content`,
              `Per_base_N_content`, `Sequence_Length_Distribution`, `Sequence_Duplication_Levels`,
              `Overrepresented_sequences`, `Adapter_Content`, `Kmer_Content`, `Total_Deduplicated_Percentage`
              Note that spelling and capitalisation is exactly as contained within a FastQC re-
              port, with the exception that spaces have been converted to underscores. Partial
              matching is implemented for this argument.

Details

This function will return a given module from a Fastqc* object as a data.frame. Note that each
module will be it's own unique structure, although all will return a data.frame

Value

A single `tibble` containing module-level information from all FastQC reports contained in the
Fastqc* object.

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
```

```
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# Extract the Summary module, which corresponds to the PASS/WARN/FAIL flags
getModule(fdl, "Summary")

# The Basic_Statistics module corresponds to the table at the top of each
# FastQC report
getModule(fdl, "Basic_Statistics")
```

---

getSummary,.FastqcFile-method

Get the summary information from Fastqc Files

Description

Read the information from the `summary.txt` files in each .FastqcFile

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '.FastqcFile'
getSummary(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
getSummary(object)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
getSummary(object)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
getSummary(object)
```

Arguments

object   Can be a `FastqcData`, `FastqcDataList` object or a vector of paths to unparsed
                FastQC reports.

Details

This simply extracts the summary of PASS/WARN/FAIL status for every module as defined by the
tool FastQC for each supplied file.

Value

A `tibble` containing the PASS/WARN/FAIL status for each module, as defined in a FastQC report.

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# Return a tibble/tibble with the raw information
getSummary(fdl)
```

---

importNgsLogs   *Import Various NGS-related log files*

Description

[Maturing] Imports NGS-related log files such as those generated from stderr.

Usage

```
importNgsLogs(x, type = "auto", which, stripPaths = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	character. Vector of filenames. All log files must be of the same type. Duplicate file paths will be silently ignored.
type	character. The type of file being imported. Can be one of bowtie, bowtie2, hisat2, star, flagstat, featureCounts, duplicationMetrics, cutadapt, macs2Callpeak, adapterRemoval, quast or busco Defaults to type = "auto" which will automatically detect the file type for all implemented types.
which	Which element of the parsed object to return. Ignored in all file types except when type is set to duplicationMetrics, cutadapt or adapterRemoval. See details for possible values
stripPaths	logical(1). Remove paths from the Filename column

Details

Imports one or more log files as output by tools such as: bowtie, bowtie2, featureCounts, Hisat2, STAR, picard MarkDuplicates, cutadapt, flagstat, macs2Callpeak Adapter Removal, trimmomatic quast or busco. autoDetect can be used to detect the log type by parsing the file.

The featureCounts log file corresponds to the counts.out.summary, not the main counts.out file.

Whilst most log files return a single tibble, some are more complex with multiple modules.

adapterRemoval can return one of four modules (which = 1:4),. When calling by name, the possible values are sequences, settings, statistics or distribution. Partial matching is implemented.

cutadapt can return one of five modules (which = 1:5). When calling by name the possible modules are summary, adapter1, adapter2, adapter3 or overview. Note that adapter2/3 may be missing from these files depending on the nature of your data. If cutadapt log files are obtained using report=minimal, all supplied log files must be of this format and no modules can be returned.

duplicationMetrics will return either the metrics of histogram. These can be requested by setting which as 1 or 2, or naming either module.

Value

A tibble. Column names are broadly similar to the text in supplied files, but have been modified for easier handling under R naming conventions.

Examples

```
f <- c("bowtiePE.txt", "bowtieSE.txt")
bowtieLogs <- system.file("extdata", f, package = "ngsReports")
df <- importNgsLogs(bowtieLogs, type = "bowtie")
```

---

importSJ   *Import STAR Splice Junctions*

Description

Import the SJ.out.tab files produced by STAR

Usage

```
importSJ(x, stripPaths = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x   vector of file paths to SJ.out.tab files

stripPaths   logical(1) Remove directory prefixes from the file paths in x

Details

Imports one or more splice-junction output files as produced by STAR. If all are located in separated directories with identical names, be sure to set the argument stripPaths = FALSE

All co-ordinates are 1-based, in keeping with the STAR manual

Value

A tibble

Author(s)

Stephen Pederson stephen.pederson@adelaide.edu.au

Examples

```
sjFiles <- system.file("extdata", "SJ.out.tab", package = "ngsReports")
# Import leaving the complete file path in the column Filename
# The argument srtipPaths is set as TRUE by default
df <- importSJ(sjFiles, stripPaths = FALSE)
```

---

isCompressed   *Check to see if a file is compressed*

Description

Check to see if a file, or vector of files is compressed

Usage

```
isCompressed(path, type = c("zip", "gzip"), verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

path	The path to one or more files
type	The type of compression to check for. Currently only ZIP/GZIP files have been implemented.
verbose	logical/integer Determine the level of output to show as messages

Details

Reads the first four bytes from the local file header. If the file is a .ZIP file, this should match the magic number PK\003\004.

This function assumes that the first thing in a zip archive is the .ZIP entry with the local file header signature. ZIP files containing a self-extracting archive may not exhibit this structure and will return FALSE

Value

A logical vector

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
fileDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
allFiles <- list.files(fileDir, pattern = "zip$", full.names = TRUE)
isCompressed(allFiles)
```

---

maxAdapterContent *Get the maximum Adapter Content*

Description

Get the maximum Adapter Content across one or more FASTQC reports

Usage

```
maxAdapterContent(x, asPercent = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	Can be a .FastqcFile, FastqcData, FastqcDataList or path
asPercent	logical. Format the values as percentages with the added \% symbol

Details

This will extract the Adapter_Content module from the supplied object, and provide a tibble with the final value for each file.

Value

A tibble object containing the percent of reads with each adapter type at the final position

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# Get the maxAdapterContent
maxAdapterContent(fdl)
```

---

mData *Extract Metadata for TheoreticalGC objects*

Description

Extract Metadata for TheoreticalGC objects

Usage

```
mData(object)

## S4 method for signature 'TheoreticalGC'
mData(object)
```

Arguments

object   An object of class Theoretical GC

Value

A `tibble` object

Examples

```
mData(gcTheoretical)
```

---

overRep2Fasta *Write fasta of Over-Represented sequences.*

Description

Output overrepresented sequences to disk in fasta format.

Usage

```
overRep2Fasta(x, path, n = 10, labels, noAdapters = TRUE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
overRep2Fasta(x, path, n = 10, labels, noAdapters = TRUE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
overRep2Fasta(x, path, n = 10, labels, noAdapters = TRUE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
overRep2Fasta(x, path, n = 10, labels, noAdapters = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	Can be a `FastqcData` or `FastqcDataList`
path	Path to export the fasta file to. Reverts to a default in the working directory if not supplied
n	The number of sequences to output
labels	An optional named factor of labels for the file names. All filenames must be present in the names. File extensions are dropped by default.
noAdapters	logical. Remove any sequences identified as possible adapters or primers by FastQC
...	Used to pass any alternative patterns to remove from the end of filenames

Details

Fasta will contain `Filename`, `Possible Source`, `Percent of total reads`

Value

Exports to a fasta file, and returns the fasta information invisibly

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# Export the top10 Overrepresented Sequences as a single fasta file
faOut <- file.path(tempdir(), "top10.fa")
overRep2Fasta(fdl, path = faOut)
```

---

path	*Return the File Paths from an object*

Description

Return the File Paths from an object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '.FastqcFile'
path(object)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
path(object)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
path(object)
```

Arguments

object   An object of class .FastqcFile

Details

Obtains the file.path for objects of multiple classes

Value

A character vector of the file paths to the underlying FastQC reports

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)
path(fdl)
```

---

plotAdapterContent   *Draw an Adapter Content Plot*

Description

Draw an Adapter Content Plot across one or more FASTQC reports

Usage

```
plotAdapterContent(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  warn = 5,
```

```
    fail = 10,
    ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
plotAdapterContent(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  warn = 5,
  fail = 10,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
plotAdapterContent(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  warn = 5,
  fail = 10,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
plotAdapterContent(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  warn = 5,
  fail = 10,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
plotAdapterContent(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  warn = 5,
  fail = 10,
  plotType = c("heatmap", "line"),
  adapterType = "Total",
  cluster = FALSE,
```

```
    dendrogram = FALSE,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

x	Can be a `FastqcData`, a `FastqcDataList` or character vector of file paths
usePlotly	`logical`. Output as ggplot2 (default) or plotly object.
labels	An optional named vector of labels for the file names. All filenames must be present in the names. File extensions are dropped by default.
pwfCols	Object of class [`PwfCols()`](PwfCols()) containing the colours for PASS/WARN/FAIL
warn, fail	The default values for warn and fail are 5 and 10 respectively (i.e. percentages)
...	Used to pass additional attributes to theme() and between methods
plotType	`character`. Can only take the values `plotType = "heatmap"` or `plotType = "line"`
adapterType	A regular expression matching the adapter(s) to be plotted. To plot all adapters summed, specify `adapterType = "Total"`. This is the default behaviour.
cluster	`logical` default `FALSE`. If set to `TRUE`, fastqc data will be clustered using hierarchical clustering
dendrogram	`logical` redundant if `cluster` is `FALSE` if both `cluster` and `dendrogram` are specified as `TRUE` then the dendrogram will be displayed.

Details

This extracts the Adapter_Content module from the supplied object and generates a ggplot2 object, with a set of minimal defaults. The output of this function can be further modified using the standard ggplot2 methods.

When x is a single or FastqcData object line plots will always be drawn for all adapters. Otherwise, users can select line plots or heatmaps. When plotting more than one fastqc file, any undetected adapters will not be shown.

An interactive version of the plot can be made by setting usePlotly as TRUE

Value

A standard ggplot2 object, or an interactive plotly object

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# The default plot
plotAdapterContent(fdl)
```

```
# Also subset the reads to just the R1 files
r1 <- grepl("R1", fqName(fdl))
plotAdapterContent(fdl[r1])

# Plot just the Universal Adapter
# and change the y-axis using ggplot2::scale_y_continuous
plotAdapterContent(fdl, adapterType ="Universal", plotType = "line") +
facet_wrap(~Filename) +
guides(colour = "none")
```

---

plotAlignmentSummary   *Plot a summary of alignments*

Description

Plot a summary of alignments from a set of log files

Usage

```
plotAlignmentSummary(
  x,
  type = c("star", "bowtie", "bowtie2", "hisat2"),
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  stripPaths = TRUE,
  asPercent = FALSE,
  ...,
  fill = c("red", "yellow", "blue", rgb(0, 0.5, 1))
)
```

Arguments

x	Paths to one or more alignment log files
type	The aligner used. Can be one of star, bowtie, bowtie2 or hisat2
usePlotly	logical. If TRUE an interactive plot will be generated.
stripPaths	logical(1). Remove paths from the Filename column
asPercent	Show alignments as percentages, with the alternative (FALSE) being the total number of reads If FALSE a ggplot object will be output
...	Used to pass additional attributes to theme() and between methods
fill	Colours used to fill the bars. Passed to scale_fill_manual.

Details

Loads a set of alignment log files and creates a default plot. Implemented aligners are bowtie, bowtie2, Hisat2 and STAR.

Value

A ggplot2 object, or a plotly object

Examples

```
f <- c("bowtie2PE.txt", "bowtie2SE.txt")
bowtie2Logs <- system.file("extdata", f, package = "ngsReports")
plotAlignmentSummary(bowtie2Logs, "bowtie2")
```

---

plotAssemblyStats   *Plot a summary of assembly logs*

Description

Plot a summary of assembly stats from a set of log files

Usage

```
plotAssemblyStats(
  x,
  type = c("quast", "busco"),
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  plotType = c("bar", "paracoord"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	Paths to one or more log files
type	The tool used. Can be one of quast or busco
usePlotly	logical. If TRUE an interactive plot will be generated. If FALSE a ggplot object will be output
plotType	character. Plot type to output, one of bar or paracoord.
...	Used to pass additional attributes to theme() and between methods

Details

Loads a set of assembly log files and creates a default plot. Implemented tools are quast and BUSCO. quast will plot a parralel coordinate plot of some assembly statistics BUSCO will plot a stacked barplot of completeness statistics

Value

A ggplot2 object, or a plotly object

Examples

```
#getquast log filenames
quastFiles <- system.file("extdata",
c("quast1.tsv", "quast2.tsv"), package = "ngsReports")

# The default plot
plotAssemblyStats(quastFiles)
```

---

plotBaseQuals   *Plot the Base Qualities for each file*

Description

Plot the Base Qualities for each file as separate plots

Usage

```
plotBaseQuals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  warn = 25,
  fail = 20,
  boxWidth = 0.8,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
plotBaseQuals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  warn = 25,
  fail = 20,
  boxWidth = 0.8,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
plotBaseQuals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
```

```
  warn = 25,
  fail = 20,
  boxWidth = 0.8,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
plotBaseQuals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  warn = 25,
  fail = 20,
  boxWidth = 0.8,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
plotBaseQuals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  warn = 25,
  fail = 20,
  boxWidth = 0.8,
  plotType = c("heatmap", "boxplot"),
  plotValue = "Mean",
  cluster = FALSE,
  dendrogram = FALSE,
  nc = 2,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	Can be a `FastqcData`, `FastqcDataList` or character vector of file paths
usePlotly	`logical` Default `FALSE` will render using ggplot. If `TRUE` plot will be rendered with plotly
labels	An optional named vector of labels for the file names. All filenames must be present in the names. File extensions are dropped by default.
pwfCols	Object of class `PwfCols()` to give colours for pass, warning, and fail values in plot
warn, fail	The default values for warn and fail are 30 and 20 respectively (i.e. percentages)
boxWidth	set the width of boxes when using a boxplot
...	Used to pass additional attributes to theme() and between methods

plotType	character Can be either "boxplot" or "heatmap"
plotValue	character Type of data to be presented. Can be any of the columns returned by getModule(x, module = "Per_base_sequence_qual")
cluster	logical default FALSE. If set to TRUE, fastqc data will be clustered using hierarchical clustering
dendrogram	logical redundant if cluster is FALSE if both cluster and dendrogram are specified as TRUE then the dendrogram will be displayed.
nc	numeric. The number of columns to create in the plot layout. Only used if drawing boxplots for multiple files in a FastqcDataList

Details

When acting on a FastqcDataList, this defaults to a heatmap using the mean Per_base_sequence_quality score. A set of plots which replicate those obtained through a standard FastQC html report can be obtained by setting plotType = "boxplot", which uses facet_wrap to provide the layout as a single ggplot object.

When acting an a FastqcData object, this replicates the Per base sequence quality plots from FastQC with no faceting.

For large datasets, subsetting by R1 or R2 reads may be helpful.

An interactive plot can be obtained by setting usePlotly = TRUE.

Value

A standard ggplot2 object or an interactive plotly object

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# The default plot for multiple libraries is a heatmap
plotBaseQuals(fdl)

# The default plot for a single library is the standard boxplot
plotBaseQuals(fdl[[1]])
```

plotDupLevels   *Plot the combined Sequence_Duplication_Levels information*

Description

Plot the Sequence_Duplication_Levels information for a set of FASTQC reports

Usage

```
plotDupLevels(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, pwfCols, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
plotDupLevels(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, pwfCols, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
plotDupLevels(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, pwfCols, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
plotDupLevels(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  warn = 20,
  fail = 50,
  lineCols = c("red", "blue"),
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
plotDupLevels(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  warn = 20,
  fail = 50,
  deduplication = c("pre", "post"),
  plotType = c("heatmap", "line"),
  cluster = FALSE,
  dendrogram = FALSE,
  heatCol = hcl.colors(50, "inferno"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x   Can be a `FastqcData`, `FastqcDataList` or file path

usePlotly	logical Default FALSE will render using ggplot. If TRUE plot will be rendered with plotly
labels	An optional named vector of labels for the file names. All filenames must be present in the names. File extensions are dropped by default.
pwfCols	Object of class PwfCols() to give colours for pass, warning, and fail values in the plot
...	Used to pass additional attributes to theme() and between methods
warn, fail	The default values for warn and fail are 20 and 50 respectively (i.e. percentages)
lineCols	Colours of the lines drawn for individual libraries
deduplication	Plot Duplication levels 'pre' or 'post' deduplication. Can only take values "pre" and "post"
plotType	Choose between "heatmap" and "line"
cluster	logical default FALSE. If set to TRUE, fastqc data will be clustered using hierarchical clustering
dendrogram	logical redundant if cluster is FALSE if both cluster and dendrogram are specified as TRUE then the dendrogram will be displayed.
heatCol	Colour palette used for the heatmap

Details

This extracts the Sequence_Duplication_Levels from the supplied object and generates a ggplot2 object, with a set of minimal defaults. For multiple reports, this defaults to a heatmap with block sizes proportional to the percentage of reads belonging to that duplication category.

If setting usePlotly = FALSE, the output of this function can be further modified using standard ggplot2 syntax. If setting usePlotly = TRUE an interactive plotly object will be produced.

Value

A standard ggplot2 or plotly object

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# Draw the default plot for a single file
plotDupLevels(fdl[[1]])

plotDupLevels(fdl)
```

---

plotFastqcPCA   *Draw a PCA plot for Fast QC modules*

Description

Draw a PCA plot for Fast QC modules across multiple samples **[Experimental]**

Usage

```
plotFastqcPCA(
  x,
  module = "Per_sequence_GC_content",
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  sz = 4,
  groups,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
plotFastqcPCA(
  x,
  module = "Per_sequence_GC_content",
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  sz = 4,
  groups,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
plotFastqcPCA(
  x,
  module = "Per_sequence_GC_content",
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  sz = 4,
  groups,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
plotFastqcPCA(
  x,
  module = "Per_sequence_GC_content",
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
```

```
    sz = 4,
    groups,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

x	Can be a `FastqcDataList` or `character` vector of file paths
module	`character` vector containing the desired FastQC module (eg. c("Per_base_sequence_quality", "Per_base_sequence_content"))
usePlotly	`logical`. Output as ggplot2 (default) or plotly object.
labels	An optional named vector of labels for the file names. All filenames must be present in the names. File extensions are dropped by default
sz	The size of the text labels
groups	Optional factor of the same length as x. If provided, the plot will be coloured using this factor as the defined groups. Ellipses will also be added to the final plot.
...	Used to pass additional attributes to theme() and between methods

Details

This carries out PCA on a single FastQC module and plots the output using either ggplot or plotly. Current modules for PCA are Per_base_sequence_quality, Per_sequence_quality_scores, Per_sequence_GC_content, Per_base_sequence_content, and Sequence_Length_Distribution.

If a factor is provided in the groups argument, this will be applied to the plotting colours and ellipses will be drawn using these groups. Only the labels will be plotted using geom_text()

Value

A standard ggplot2 object, or an interactive plotly object

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)
grp <- as.factor(gsub(".+(R[12]).*", "\\1", fqName(fdl)))
plotFastqcPCA(fdl, module = "Per_sequence_GC_content", groups = grp)
```

---

plotGcContent   *Plot the Per Sequence GC Content*

Description

Plot the Per Sequence GC Content for a set of FASTQC files

Usage

```
plotGcContent(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  theoreticalGC = TRUE,
  gcType = c("Genome", "Transcriptome"),
  species = "Hsapiens",
  GCobject,
  Fastafile,
  n = 1e+06,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
plotGcContent(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  theoreticalGC = TRUE,
  gcType = c("Genome", "Transcriptome"),
  species = "Hsapiens",
  GCobject,
  Fastafile,
  n = 1e+06,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
plotGcContent(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  theoreticalGC = TRUE,
  gcType = c("Genome", "Transcriptome"),
  species = "Hsapiens",
  GCobject,
  Fastafile,
  n = 1e+06,
```

```
    ...
  )

  ## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
  plotGcContent(
    x,
    usePlotly = FALSE,
    labels,
    theoreticalGC = TRUE,
    gcType = c("Genome", "Transcriptome"),
    species = "Hsapiens",
    GCobject,
    Fastafile,
    n = 1e+06,
    counts = FALSE,
    lineCols = c("red", "blue"),
    ...
  )

  ## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
  plotGcContent(
    x,
    usePlotly = FALSE,
    labels,
    theoreticalGC = TRUE,
    gcType = c("Genome", "Transcriptome"),
    species = "Hsapiens",
    GCobject,
    Fastafile,
    n = 1e+06,
    plotType = c("heatmap", "line", "cdf"),
    pwfCols,
    cluster = FALSE,
    dendrogram = FALSE,
    ...
  )
```

Arguments

x	Can be a `FastqcData`, `FastqcDataList` or character vector of file paths
usePlotly	`logical` Default `FALSE` will render using ggplot. If `TRUE` plot will be rendered with plotly
labels	An optional named vector of labels for the file names. All filenames must be present in the names. File extensions are dropped by default.
theoreticalGC	`logical` default is `FALSE` to give the true GC content, set to `TRUE` to normalize values of GC_Content by the theoretical values using `gcTheoretical()`. species must be specified.

gcType	character Select type of data to normalize GC content against. Accepts either "Genome" (default) or "Transcriptome".
species	character if gcTheory is TRUE it must be accompanied by a species. Species currently supported can be obtained using mData(gcTheoretical)
GCobject	an object of class GCTheoretical. Defaults to the gcTheoretical object supplied with the package
Fastafile	a fasta file contains DNA sequences to generate theoretical GC content
n	number of simulated reads to generate theoretical GC content from Fastafile
...	Used to pass various potting parameters to theme.
counts	logical. Plot the counts from each file if counts = TRUE, otherwise frequencies will be plotted. Ignored if calling the function on a FastqcDataList.
lineCols	Colors for observed and theoretical GC lines in single plots
plotType	Takes values "line", "heatmap" or "cdf"
pwfCols	Object of class [PwfCols()](#) to give colours for pass, warning, and fail values in plot
cluster	logical default FALSE. If set to TRUE, fastqc data will be clustered using hierarchical clustering
dendrogram	logical redundant if cluster is FALSE if both cluster and dendrogram are specified as TRUE then the dendrogram will be displayed.

Details

Makes plots for GC_Content. When applied to a single FastqcData object a simple line plot will be drawn, with Theoretical GC content overlaid if desired.

When applied to multiple FastQC reports, the density at each GC content bin can be shown as a heatmap by setting theoreticalGC = FALSE. By default the difference in observed and expected theoretical GC is shown. Species and genome/transcriptome should also be set if utilising the theoretical GC content.

As an alternative to a heatmap, a series of overlaid distributions can be shown by setting plotType = "line".

Can produce a static ggplot2 object or an interactive plotly object.

Value

A ggplot2 or plotly object

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)
```

```
# The default plot for a FastqcDataList
plotGcContent(fdl)

# Plot a single FastqcData object
plotGcContent(fdl[[1]])
```

---

plotKmers   *Plot Overrepresented Kmers*

Description

Plot Overrepresented Kmers

Usage

```
plotKmers(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
plotKmers(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
plotKmers(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
plotKmers(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  n = 6,
  ...,
  lineWidth = 0.5,
  pal = c("red", "blue", "green", "black", "magenta", "yellow")
)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
plotKmers(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  cluster = FALSE,
  dendrogram = FALSE,
  pwfCols,
  heatCol = hcl.colors(50, "inferno"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	Can be a `FastqcData`, `FastqcDataList` or file paths
usePlotly	`logical` Default `FALSE` will render using ggplot. If TRUE plot will be rendered with plotly
labels	An optional named vector of labels for the file names. All filenames must be present in the names. File extensions are dropped by default.
...	Used to pass various potting parameters to theme. Can also be used to set size and colour for box outlines.
n	`numeric`. The number of Kmers to show.
lineWidth	Passed to `geom_line(size = lineWidth)`
pal	The colour palette. If the vector supplied is less than n, `grDevices::colorRampPalette()` will be used
cluster	`logical` default `FALSE`. If set to `TRUE`, fastqc data will be clustered using hierarchical clustering
dendrogram	`logical` redundant if `cluster` is `FALSE` if both `cluster` and `dendrogram` are specified as `TRUE` then the dendrogram will be displayed.
pwfCols	Object of class [`PwfCols()`](#) to give colours for pass, warning, and fail values in the plot
heatCol	Colour palette used for the heatmap. Default is `inferno` from the viridis set of palettes

Details

As the Kmer Content module present in FastQC reports is relatively uninformative, and omitted by default in later versions of FastQC, these are rudimentary plots.

Plots for `FastqcData` objects replicate those contained in a FastQC report, whilst the heatmap generated from `FastqcDataList` objects simply show the location and abundance of over-represented Kmers.

Value

A standard ggplot2 object or an interactive plotly object

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)
plotKmers(fdl[[1]])
```

---

plotNContent   *Draw an N Content Plot*

Description

Draw an N Content Plot across one or more FastQC reports

Usage

```
plotNContent(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, pwfCols, warn = 5, fail = 20, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
plotNContent(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, pwfCols, warn = 5, fail = 20, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
plotNContent(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, pwfCols, warn = 5, fail = 20, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
plotNContent(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  warn = 5,
  fail = 20,
  ...,
  lineCol = "red"
)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
plotNContent(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  warn = 5,
  fail = 20,
  cluster = FALSE,
  dendrogram = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	Can be a `FastqcData`, `FastqcDataList` or file paths
usePlotly	`logical`. Output as ggplot2 (default) or plotly object.

labels	An optional named vector of labels for the file names. All filenames must be present in the names. File extensions are dropped by default
pwfCols	Object of class [PwfCols()](#) containing the colours for PASS/WARN/FAIL
warn, fail	The default values for warn and fail are 5 and 10 respectively (i.e. percentages)
...	Used to pass additional attributes to theme() and between methods
lineCol	Defaults to red
cluster	logical default FALSE. If set to TRUE, fastqc data will be clustered using hierarchical clustering
dendrogram	logical redundant if cluster is FALSE if both cluster and dendrogram are specified as TRUE then the dendrogram will be displayed.

Details

This extracts the N_Content from the supplied object and generates a ggplot2 object, with a set of minimal defaults. The output of this function can be further modified using the standard ggplot2 methods.

When x is a single FastqcData object line plots will always be drawn for all Ns. Otherwise, users can select line plots or heatmaps.

Value

A standard ggplot2 object, or an interactive plotly object

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# The default plot
plotNContent(fdl[[1]])
```

---

plotOverrep   *Plot a summary of Over-represented Sequences*

Description

Plot a summary of Over-represented Sequences for a set of FASTQC reports

Usage

```
plotOverrep(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, pwfCols, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
plotOverrep(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, pwfCols, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
plotOverrep(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, pwfCols, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
plotOverrep(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  n = 10,
  ...,
  expand.x = expansion(mult = c(0, 0.05)),
  expand.y = expansion(0, 0.6)
)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
plotOverrep(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  cluster = FALSE,
  dendrogram = FALSE,
  ...,
  paletteName = "Set1",
  expand.x = expansion(mult = c(0, 0.05)),
  expand.y = expansion(0, 0)
)
```

Arguments

x	Can be a `FastqcData`, `FastqcDataList` or file paths
usePlotly	logical Default `FALSE` will render using ggplot. If `TRUE` plot will be rendered with plotly
labels	An optional named factor of labels for the file names. All filenames must be present in the names. File extensions are dropped by default.
pwfCols	Object of class [`PwfCols()`](#) containing the colours for PASS/WARN/FAIL
...	Used to pass additional attributes to theme() and between methods
n	The number of sequences to plot from an individual file
expand.x, expand.y	
	Output from expansion() or numeric vectors of length 4. Passed to scale_*_continuous()

cluster	logical default FALSE. If set to TRUE, fastqc data will be clustered using hierarchical clustering
dendrogram	logical redundant if `cluster` is FALSE if both `cluster` and `dendrogram` are specified as TRUE then the dendrogram will be displayed.
paletteName	Name of the palette for colouring the possible sources of the overrepresented sequences. Must be a palette name from RColorBrewer

Details

Percentages are obtained by simply summing those within a report. Any possible double counting by FastQC is ignored for the purposes of a simple approximation.

Plots generated from a `FastqcData` object will show the top n sequences grouped by their predicted source & coloured by whether the individual sequence would cause a WARN/FAIL.

Plots generated from a `FastqcDataList` group sequences by predicted source and summarise as a percentage of the total reads.

Value

A standard ggplot2 object

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# Another example which isn't ideal
plotOverrep(fdl)
```

---

plotReadTotals *Draw a barplot of read totals*

Description

Draw a barplot of read totals

Usage

```
plotReadTotals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  duplicated = TRUE,
```

```
    bars = c("stacked", "adjacent"),
    barCols = c("red", "blue"),
    expand.x = expansion(mult = c(0, 0.02)),
    ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
plotReadTotals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  duplicated = TRUE,
  bars = c("stacked", "adjacent"),
  barCols = c("red", "blue"),
  expand.x = expansion(mult = c(0, 0.02)),
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
plotReadTotals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  duplicated = TRUE,
  bars = c("stacked", "adjacent"),
  barCols = c("red", "blue"),
  expand.x = expansion(mult = c(0, 0.02)),
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
plotReadTotals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  duplicated = TRUE,
  bars = c("stacked", "adjacent"),
  barCols = c("red", "blue"),
  expand.x = expansion(mult = c(0, 0.02)),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	Can be a `FastqcData`, `FastqcDataList` or file paths
usePlotly	logical Default `FALSE` will render using ggplot. If `TRUE` plot will be rendered with plotly
labels	An optional named vector of labels for the file names. All filenames must be

present in the names. File extensions are dropped by default.

duplicated   logical. Include deduplicated read total estimates to plot charts

bars   If duplicated = TRUE, show unique and deduplicated reads as "stacked" or "ad-
                  jacent".

barCols   Colours for duplicated and unique reads.

expand.x   Output from expansion() controlling x-axis expansion. Alternatively can be a
                  numeric vector of length 4

...   Used to pass additional attributes to theme()

Details

Draw a barplot of read totals using the standard ggplot2 syntax. The raw data from readTotals()
can otherwise be used to manually create a plot.

Duplication levels are based on the value shown on FASTQC reports at the top of the DeDuplicated-
Totals plot, which is known to be inaccurate. As it still gives a good guide as to sequence diversity
it is included as the default. This can be turned off by setting duplicated = FALSE.

Value

Returns a ggplot or plotly object

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# Plot the Read Totals showing estimated duplicates
plotReadTotals(fdl)

# Plot the Read Totals without estimated duplicates
plotReadTotals(fdl, duplicated = FALSE)
```

---

plotSeqContent   *Plot the per base content as a heatmap*

Description

Plot the Per Base content for a set of FASTQC files.

Usage

```
plotSeqContent(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
plotSeqContent(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
plotSeqContent(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
plotSeqContent(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
plotSeqContent(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  plotType = c("heatmap", "line", "residuals"),
  cluster = FALSE,
  dendrogram = FALSE,
  ...,
  nc = 2
)
```

Arguments

x	Can be a `FastqcData`, `FastqcDataList` or file paths
usePlotly	`logical`. Generate an interactive plot using plotly
labels	An optional named vector of labels for the file names. All file names must be present in the names of the vector. File extensions are dropped by default.
...	Used to pass additional attributes to theme() and between methods
pwfCols	Object of class [`PwfCols()`](PwfCols()) to give colours for pass, warning, and fail values in plot
plotType	`character`. Type of plot to generate. Must be "line", "heatmap" or "residuals"
cluster	`logical` default `FALSE`. If set to `TRUE`, fastqc data will be clustered using hierarchical clustering
dendrogram	`logical` redundant if `cluster` is `FALSE` if both `cluster` and `dendrogram` are specified as `TRUE` then the dendrogram will be displayed.
nc	Specify the number of columns if plotting a FastqcDataList as line plots. Passed to ggplot2::facet_wrap.

Details

Per base sequence content (%A, %T, %G, %C), is shown as four overlaid heatmap colours when plotting from multiple reports. The individual line plots are able to be generated by setting `plotType` = "line", and the layout is determined by facet_wrap from ggplot2.

Individual line plots are also generated when plotting from a single `FastqcData` object.

If setting `usePlotly` = `TRUE` for a large number of reports, the plot can be slow to render. An alternative may be to produce a plot of residuals for each base, produced by taking the position-specific mean for each base.

Value

A ggplot2 object or an interactive plotly object

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# The default plot
plotSeqContent(fdl)
```

---

plotSeqLengthDistn   *Plot the Sequence Length Distribution*

Description

Plot the Sequence Length Distribution across one or more FASTQC reports

Usage

```
plotSeqLengthDistn(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
plotSeqLengthDistn(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
plotSeqLengthDistn(x, usePlotly = FALSE, labels, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
plotSeqLengthDistn(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  plotType = c("line", "cdf"),
  ...,
  expand.x = expansion(0, 0.2)
)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
plotSeqLengthDistn(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  counts = FALSE,
  plotType = c("heatmap", "line", "cdf"),
  cluster = FALSE,
  dendrogram = FALSE,
  ...,
  expand.x = expansion(0, 0.2),
  heatCol = hcl.colors(50, "inferno")
)
```

Arguments

x	Can be a `FastqcData`, `FastqcDataList` or file paths
usePlotly	`logical`. Output as ggplot2 or plotly object.
labels	An optional named vector of labels for the file names. All filenames must be present in the names. File extensions are dropped by default.
...	Used to pass additional attributes to theme()
plotType	`character`. Can only take the values `plotType = "heatmap"` `plotType = "line"` or `plotType = "cdf"`
expand.x	Output from `expansion()` or numeric vector of length 4. Passed to `scale_x_discrete`
counts	`logical` Should distributions be shown as counts or frequencies (percentages)
cluster	`logical` default `FALSE`. If set to `TRUE`, fastqc data will be clustered using hierarchical clustering
dendrogram	`logical` redundant if `cluster` and `usePlotly` are `FALSE`. If both `cluster` and `dendrogram` are specified as `TRUE` then the dendrogram will be displayed.
heatCol	The colour scheme for the heatmap

Details

This extracts the Sequence Length Distribution from the supplied object and generates a ggplot2 object, with a set of minimal defaults. The output of this function can be further modified using the standard ggplot2 methods.

A cdf plot can also be generated to provide guidance for minimum read length in some NGS workflows, by setting `plotType = "cdf"`. If all libraries have reads of identical lengths, these plots may be less informative.

An alternative interactive plot is available by setting the argument `usePlotly = TRUE`.

Value

A standard ggplot2 object, or an interactive plotly object

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# Plot as a frequency plot using lines
plotSeqLengthDistn(fdl)

# Or plot the cdf
plotSeqLengthDistn(fdl, plotType = "cdf")
```

---

plotSeqQuals   *Plot the Per Sequence Quality Scores*

Description

Plot the Per Sequence Quality Scores for a set of FASTQC reports

Usage

```
plotSeqQuals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  counts = FALSE,
  alpha = 0.1,
  warn = 30,
  fail = 20,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
plotSeqQuals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  counts = FALSE,
  alpha = 0.1,
  warn = 30,
  fail = 20,
  ...
```

```
)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
plotSeqQuals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  counts = FALSE,
  alpha = 0.1,
  warn = 30,
  fail = 20,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcData'
plotSeqQuals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  counts = FALSE,
  alpha = 0.1,
  warn = 30,
  fail = 20,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
plotSeqQuals(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  counts = FALSE,
  alpha = 0.1,
  warn = 30,
  fail = 20,
  plotType = c("heatmap", "line"),
  dendrogram = FALSE,
  cluster = FALSE,
  heatCols = hcl.colors(100, "inferno"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x   Can be a `FastqcData`, `FastqcDataList` or path

usePlotly	logical Default FALSE will render using ggplot. If TRUE plot will be rendered with plotly
labels	An optional named factor of labels for the file names. All filenames must be present in the names. File extensions are dropped by default.
pwfCols	Object of class [PwfCols()](PwfCols) containing the colours for PASS/WARN/FAIL
counts	logical. Plot the counts from each file if counts = TRUE, otherwise the frequencies will be plotted
alpha	set alpha for line graph bounds
warn, fail	The default values for warn and fail are 5 and 10 respectively (i.e. percentages)
...	Used to pass various potting parameters to theme. Can also be used to set size and colour for box outlines.
plotType	character. Can only take the values plotType = "heatmap" or plotType = "line"
dendrogram	logical redundant if cluster is FALSE if both cluster and dendrogram are specified as TRUE then the dendrogram will be displayed.
cluster	logical default FALSE. If set to TRUE, fastqc data will be clustered using hierarchical clustering
heatCols	Colour palette for the heatmap

Details

Plots the distribution of average sequence quality scores across the set of files. Values can be plotted either as counts (counts = TRUE) or as frequencies (counts = FALSE).

Any faceting or scale adjustment can be performed after generation of the initial plot, using the standard methods of ggplot2 as desired.

Value

A standard ggplot2 object, or an interactive plotly object

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# The default plot
plotSeqQuals(fdl)

# Also subset the reads to just the R1 files
r1 <- grepl("R1", fqName(fdl))
plotSeqQuals(fdl[r1])
```

---

plotSummary   *Plot the PASS/WARN/FAIL information*

Description

Extract the PASS/WARN/FAIL summaries and plot them

Usage

```
plotSummary(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  cluster = FALSE,
  dendrogram = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
plotSummary(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  cluster = FALSE,
  dendrogram = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
plotSummary(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
  cluster = FALSE,
  dendrogram = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList'
plotSummary(
  x,
  usePlotly = FALSE,
  labels,
  pwfCols,
```

```
    cluster = FALSE,
    dendrogram = FALSE,
    ...,
    gridlineWidth = 0.2,
    gridlineCol = "grey20"
)
```

Arguments

x	Can be a `FastqcData`, `FastqcDataList` or character vector of file paths
usePlotly	`logical`. Generate an interactive plot using plotly
labels	An optional named vector of labels for the file names. All filenames must be present in the names. File extensions are dropped by default.
pwfCols	Object of class [`PwfCols()`](#) containing the colours for PASS/WARN/FAIL
cluster	`logical` default FALSE. If set to TRUE, fastqc data will be clustered using hierarchical clustering
dendrogram	`logical` redundant if `cluster` is `FALSE` if both `cluster` and `dendrogram` are specified as `TRUE` then the dendrogram will be displayed.
...	Used to pass various potting parameters to theme.
gridlineWidth, gridlineCol	
	Passed to geom_hline and geom_vline to determine width and colour of gridlines

Details

This uses the standard ggplot2 syntax to create a three colour plot. The output of this function can be further modified using the standard ggplot2 methods if required.

Value

A ggplot2 object (usePlotly = FALSE) or an interactive plotly object (usePlotly = TRUE)

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# Check the overall PASS/WARN/FAIL status
plotSummary(fdl)
```

pwf *Colours for PASS/WARN/FAIL*

Description

Default colours for PASS/WARN/FAIL

Usage

```
pwf
```

Format

An object of class `PwfCols` of length 1.

Details

pwf is an object of class PwfCols supplied with the package and used as the default colouring. Colours correspond approximately to PASS, WARN and FAIL from the FASTQC reports, with the additional colour (MAX) included to indicate an extreme FAIL. In order, these colours in the default vector are green (`rgb(0, 0.8, 0)`), yellow (`rgb(0.9, 0.9, 0.2)`), red (`rgb(0.8, 0.2, 0.2)`) and white (`rgb(1, 1, 1)`)

Examples

```
# Make a pie chart showing the default colours
pie(rep(1,4), labels = names(pwf), col = getColours(pwf))
```

PwfCols-class *The PwfCols class and associated methods*

Description

Define the PwfCols class and associated methods

Details

This is an object of with four colours in components named PASS, WARN, FAIL and MAX. Used to indicate these categories as defined on the standard plots from fastqc.

Slots

PASS A vector of length 1, defining the colour for PASS in rgb format. Defaults to rgb(0, 0.8, 0)

WARN A vector of length 1, defining the colour for WARN in rgb format. Defaults to rgb(0.9, 0.9, 0.2)

FAIL A vector of length 1, defining the colour for FAIL in rgb format. Defaults to rgb(0.8, 0.2, 0.2)

MAX A vector of length 1, defining the colour for an extreme FAIL or NA in rgb format. Defaults to rgb(1, 1, 1)

---

readTotals   *Get the read totals*

Description

Get the read totals from one or more FASTQC reports

Usage

```
readTotals(x)
```

Arguments

x   Can be a `FastqcData`, `FastqcDataList` or file paths

Value

A `tibble` with the columns `Filename` and `Total_Sequences`

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# Print the read totals
readTotals(fdl)
```

---

runFastQC *Deprecated wrapper for the bash shell command fastqc.*

Description

[Deprecated]

Usage

```
runFastQC(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
runFastQC(object)
```

Arguments

object   Deprecated

Details

[Deprecated]

Value

A warning

TheoreticalGC-class *The TheoreticalGC Object Class*

Description

Contains Theoretical GC content for a selection of species

Details

Estimates are able to be retained for genomic and transcriptomic sequences. Values are stored as frequencies.

Value

An object of class TheoreticalGC

Slots

Genome A data.frame containing theoretical GC content for genomic sequences

Transcriptome A data.frame containing theoretical GC content for transcriptomic sequences

mData A data.frame containing metadata about all species in the object

Examples

```
## How to form an object using your own fasta file
faDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
faFile <- list.files(faDir, pattern = "fasta", full.names = TRUE)
gen_df <- estGcDistn(faFile, n = 200)
gen_df <- dplyr::rename(gen_df, Athaliana = Freq)
mData_df <-
    data.frame(Name = "Athaliana", Genome = TRUE, Transcriptome = FALSE)
tr_df <- data.frame()
myGC <- new(
    "TheoreticalGC", Genome = gen_df, Transcriptome = tr_df, mData = mData_df)
```

---

writeHtmlReport   *Write an HTML Summary Report*

Description

Compiles an HTML report using a supplied template

Usage

```
writeHtmlReport(
  fastqcDir,
  template,
  outDir,
  usePlotly = TRUE,
  species = "Hsapiens",
  gcType = c("Genome", "Transcriptome"),
  nOver = 30,
  targetsDF,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  quiet = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

fastqcDir	A directory containing zipped, or extracted FastQC reports
template	The template file which will be copied into fastqcDir
outDir	The directory to write the compiled document to
usePlotly	Generate interactive plots?
species	Species/closely related species of sequenced samples
gcType	Is the data "Transcriptomic" or "Genomic" in nature?
nOver	The maximum number of Overrepresented Sequences to show

targetsDF	A data.frame with at least two columns named `Filename` and `Label`. The file-names should match the original fastq files, and the labels should be simply alternative labels for these files for convenience.
overwrite	`logical`. Overwrite any previous copies of the template file in the destination directory
quiet	`logical`. Show or hide markdown output in the Console.

Details

This will take a user supplied template, or the file supplied with the package and create an HTML summary of all standard FASTQC plots for all files in the supplied directory.

Value

Silently returns `TRUE` and will output a compiled HTML file from the supplied Rmarkdown template file

Examples

```
## Not run:
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fileList <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names= TRUE)
# Copy these files to tempdir() to avoid overwriting
# any files in the package directory
file.copy(fileList, tempdir(), overwrite = TRUE)
writeHtmlReport(fastqcDir = tempdir())

## End(Not run)
```

[,FastqcDataList,numeric,missing-method
Extract Elements

Description

Extract elements from FastqcDataList Object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList,numeric,missing'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList,character,missing'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]

## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList,logical,missing'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'FastqcDataList,ANY,missing'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]
```

Arguments

x	A FastqcDataList
i	character, logical or integer vector
j	not used
...	not used
drop	not used

Details

Extract elements in a consistent manner with R conventions

Value

Will return a subset of the original object following the standard rules for subsetting objects

Examples

```
# Get the files included with the package
packageDir <- system.file("extdata", package = "ngsReports")
fl <- list.files(packageDir, pattern = "fastqc.zip", full.names = TRUE)

# Load the FASTQC data as a FastqcDataList object
fdl <- FastqcDataList(fl)

# Subsetting using the standard methods
fdl[1]
fdl[[1]]
```

Index